



International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research in Science, Engineering and Technology

(A Monthly, Peer Reviewed, Refereed, Scholarly Indexed, Open Access Journal)



Impact Factor: 8.206

Volume 9, Issue 4, April 2026



International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research in Science, Engineering and Technology (IJMRSET)

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Customer Lifetime Value Prediction using Advanced Analytics

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ABSTRACT: Customer Lifetime Value (CLV) is a critical metric that helps organizations estimate the total revenue a customer is expected to generate over their relationship with a business. With the increasing availability of large-scale customer data, advanced analytics techniques such as machine learning, predictive modelling, and data mining have significantly improved the accuracy of CLV prediction.

This study explores how advanced analytical methods can be used to predict customer lifetime value effectively. It examines key techniques such as regression models, decision trees, and ensemble learning, along with their practical applications in customer segmentation, retention strategies, and personalized marketing. The research also includes insights from a structured survey to understand how businesses perceive and use predictive analytics for CLV.

The findings from the research indicate that organizations leveraging advanced analytics achieve better customer targeting, improved retention rates, and higher profitability. However, challenges such as data quality, model interpretability, and privacy concerns continue to limit its full-scale implementation.

The study concludes that the integration of advanced analytics into CLV prediction models significantly improves business performance and provides a competitive advantage by enabling data-driven, customer-centric strategies.

KEYWORDS: Customer Lifetime Value, Predictive Analytics, Machine Learning, Customer Segmentation, Data Mining, Marketing Analytics, Artificial Intelligence

I. INTRODUCTION

With the increased levels of competition and data-driven decision-making, businesses are focusing more on long-term customer relationships rather than one-time transactions. Customer Lifetime Value (CLV) helps determine how much value a customer brings to a company in terms of profit generated over time. CLV helps a company manage its resources more efficiently and plan effective marketing strategies.

The integration of CLV prediction models allows businesses to:

- Identify high-value customers.
- Optimize marketing spend.
- Improve customer retention strategies.
- Personalize customer experiences.

The traditional methods of calculating the customer lifetime value, including the Recency-Frequency-Monetary approach and averaging over time, are based on past data only. Advancements in technology have enabled companies to develop new approaches to predicting CLV using advanced analytics.

For example, Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence allow incorporating different types of data into prediction models. This enables more accurate predictions and using CLV for personalized marketing, identifying potential churn and customer segmentation.

However, although the use of advanced analytics helps improve the process of predicting CLV, there are several challenges associated with this. In particular, some challenges include difficulties in collecting and integrating data, and ethical aspects of dealing with personal information.



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This research aims to evaluate how advanced analytics enhances CLV prediction and to examine its impact on modern marketing strategies and business performance.

II. REVIEW OF LITERATURE

1. Mickey Singh (2023) – Predictive Analytics in Evaluating Customer Lifetime Value: A Paradigm Shift in Modern Marketing

Mickey Singh examines the increasing role of predictive analytics in evaluating Customer Lifetime Value (CLV) within modern marketing practices. The study highlights a paradigm shift from traditional descriptive approaches to advanced data-driven models that enhance forecasting accuracy and strategic decision-making. By incorporating practical examples, the research demonstrates how predictive analytics improves customer retention, profitability and marketing effectiveness. However, the study also identifies key challenges such as data privacy concerns, data quality issues, and ethical considerations, which may limit the widespread adoption of these technologies. Overall, the research establishes predictive analytics as a transformative tool in contemporary marketing.

2. P. Ashok, S. Lakshmi Sridevi, Ravi Gorli, K. Murali Krishna, D. Abhinaya and Parmeet Sidhu (2025) – Integrating Advanced Machine Learning Techniques for Enhanced Customer Lifetime Value Prediction

Ashok et al., in their work, discuss the use of Machine Learning (ML) and Artificial Intelligence (AI) in the context of enhancing the effectiveness of predictions for Customer Lifetime Value. In particular, the authors identify limitations of conventional statistical approaches and present an analysis of the benefits associated with ensemble learning, deep neural networks, and time series forecasting. Combining transactional data, behavioural attributes, and demographics enables generation of more accurate results. At the same time, ML-based systems can have a considerable effect on customer interactions and decision-making; however, their adoption might be limited by relatively high expenses involved.

3. Vibha S. Prasad, Pragathi M. Shetty and Kakoli Bora (2024) – A Review of AI-Driven Customer Lifetime Value, Churn Prediction and Sales Forecasting: Transforming Business Insights with Machine Learning and Advanced Analytics

In the paper by Vibha S. Prasad et al., an elaborate model for predicting Customer Lifetime Value, performing churn prediction, and sales prediction by leveraging machine learning is presented. The paper uses sophisticated methodologies like BLSTM, XGBoost, and Gamma-Gamma models to understand customer behaviour better. The authors show the benefits of combining different approaches into one framework. However, such sophisticated modeling techniques require access to sophisticated hardware and high-quality data. Hence, the model developed may not be applicable to small businesses.

4. Tarun Gupta and Supriya Bansal (2025) – Predictive Analytics for Customer Lifetime Value (CLV): Using Artificial Intelligence to Forecast Purchasing Behaviour and Churn

Gupta, Tarun, and Supriya Bansal examine the application of Artificial Intelligence based techniques like Random Forest, Gradient Boosting, and Neural Network for forecasting the Customer Lifetime Value and customer churn. This paper throws light on the drawbacks of classical techniques like RFM analysis and shows how AI-based techniques have an edge over other traditional techniques in terms of prediction accuracy. Moreover, different evaluation criteria like RMSE, MAE, ROC-AUC are discussed in the paper. Results show that there is a marked improvement in forecasting with the help of analytics techniques and behavioural factors associated with customer lifetime value can be effectively identified through them.

5. Satish Kumar, V. N. Bajpai, Ashish Kumar Jha and Sunil Upadhyay (2024) – Predictive Analytics for Customer Lifetime Value Optimization: Estimating CLV to Inform Strategic Marketing Decisions for Maximizing Profitability

The use of predictive analytics in determining the optimal CLV is reviewed by Satish Kumar et al. This paper reviews different analytical approaches like regression models, decision trees, artificial neural networks, and cohort analysis in an attempt to determine CLV more effectively. The significance of integrating CLV estimates within customer acquisition, retention, and segmentation processes is highlighted as an important issue that should be taken into consideration. This paper proves through a practical analysis of cases how predictive analytics helps improve decision making. Nonetheless, the paper is confined due to specific dataset used in its analysis.

Objectives

1. To develop a comprehensive understanding of Customer Lifetime Value (CLV).
2. To analyse the application of advanced analytics techniques in CLV prediction.
3. To evaluate and compare different predictive models used for CLV estimation.



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4. To examine the impact of CLV prediction on marketing strategies and customer relationship management (CRM).
5. To identify key challenges and limitations in implementing advanced analytics for CLV prediction.
6. To assess the effectiveness of data-driven decision-making in improving customer retention and profitability.

III. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

1. Primary Data

Primary data is first-hand information gathered directly from respondents to achieve the research goal. The research gathered primary data using a structured questionnaire, which was used to obtain information about consumer behaviour towards personalization, brand loyalty, and data-driven marketing.

The questionnaire comprised of multiple-choice questions and Likert scale statements to provide qualitative and quantitative data analysis. The survey was conducted among 30 to 40 respondents, consisting mainly of students and young adults.

Analysis of the data obtained involved the use of percentage analysis and graphical representation (charts). This approach helped in understanding how consumers react to personalized marketing and predictive approaches by firms. The questionnaire focused on:

- Awareness of CLV
- Use of analytics in decision-making
- Importance of customer retention
- Adoption of predictive tools

The responses were analysed using percentage analysis and graphical representation.

2. Secondary Data

Secondary data refers to data that has already been collected, processed, and published by other researchers or organizations for different purposes, but is utilized by the current researcher for their own analysis. In this study, the secondary data was collected from:

- Academic Research papers (Google Scholar, Scopus, ResearchGate)
- Industry reports (McKinsey, Deloitte, IBM)
- Journals on marketing and predictive analytics

The secondary data helped in understanding existing models of CLV prediction, advancements in AI-driven analytics, and their practical implications in business decision-making.

IV. FINDINGS

The analysis of both primary and secondary data reveals several important insights regarding Customer Lifetime Value (CLV) prediction using advanced analytics.

Firstly, it has been shown that the use of customized marketing efforts has a positive response from the consumer side, largely due to the use of predictive analytics in designing these strategies. Many consumers showed an interest in companies that can anticipate their needs and give personal recommendations, emphasizing the need to leverage data analysis.

Secondly, modern approaches to analytics such as Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence are very helpful in improving the prediction of CLV since they allow analysing large amounts of data and predicting future purchasing behaviours based on existing patterns.

Thirdly, qualitative factors that contribute to customers' decisions, such as the quality of service, brand trust, and company responsiveness are also quite important in calculating CLV. This suggests that in order to accurately predict CLV, both qualitative and quantitative factors must be taken into consideration.

Finally, some challenges related to the use of this method, including the privacy issue, data transparency, and difficulties in applying the model have also been identified.



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V. CONCLUSION

This study highlights how the application of advanced analytics becomes increasingly vital when it comes to the prediction of Customer Lifetime Value and related trends in modern marketing approaches. The results obtained allow concluding that the time of classic approaches has passed as the behaviour of consumers tends to change and should be predicted with the use of more complex approaches including predictive and AI-powered tools.

One of the main ideas raised by the authors is that advanced analytics can help to make marketing processes proactive. It is possible to understand which customers are profitable and can generate profits in the future, thus improving marketing decisions and increasing overall profits.

Additionally, the integration of personalization techniques based on advanced analytics makes customer relations much stronger. Consumers prefer personalized interactions as it allows satisfying their needs and interests.

However, the research also acknowledges the challenges associated with implementing such technologies, particularly in terms of data privacy, ethical considerations, and technical complexity. Addressing these issues is essential for building customer trust and ensuring sustainable growth.

In conclusion, advanced analytics serves as a powerful tool for CLV prediction and strategic marketing. Organizations that effectively utilize these technologies while maintaining transparency and customer trust will gain a significant competitive advantage in the evolving business landscape.

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